## Japanese "iru" Practice [13] 01/19/2022

| [Nihongo]                             |   | [English]                                   |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Iru : To Exist                        |   |   |
|                                       | The dictionary form iru is used in casual situations, and imasu is used in polite situations. |   |
| Inu ga iru.<br>Otoko ga imasu.        |   | (There is a dog)<br>(There is a man.)       |
|                                       | iru: to be / to exist imasu:  |   |
| Neko ga inai.<br>Onna ga imasen.      |   | (There is no cat.)<br>(There is no woman.)  |
|                                       | inai : no to be / does not exist imasu is imasen.   |   |
| Uma ga ita.<br>Shōnen ga imash        | nita.   | (There was a horse.)<br>(There was a boy.)  |
|                                       | ita: past tense imashita:   |   |
| Ushi ga inakatta.<br>Onna no ko ga ir |   | (There was no cow.)<br>(There was no girl.) |
|                                       | inakatta : past tense negative imasen deshita :   |   |